



Organization of  
American States



## INTER-AMERICAN COMMITTEE AGAINST TERRORISM (CICTE)

TENTH REGULAR SESSION  
March 17 – 19, 2010  
Washington, D.C, United States

OEA/Ser.L/X.2.10  
CICTE/doc.12/10  
14 April 2010  
Original: English

### REPORT OF THE RAPPORTEUR OF THE TENTH REGULAR SESSION OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COMMITTEE AGAINST TERRORISM

REPORT OF THE RAPPORTEUR  
OF THE TENTH REGULAR SESSION  
OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COMMITTEE AGAINST TERRORISM

In my capacity as Rapporteur of the Tenth Regular Session of the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism (CICTE), I have the honor to submit this Report on the proceedings of and decisions adopted at that Session.

**I. BACKGROUND**

At the Ninth Regular Session, held in Washington, D. C., United States of America, on March 4-6, 2009, CICTE agreed to hold its Tenth Regular Session on March 17, 18 and 19, 2010 at a site to be determined by the Chair in consultation with Member States. That consultation took place during the preparatory process and it was agreed that the Tenth Regular Session would be held in Washington, D.C., United States.

The Draft Agenda<sup>1/</sup> and Draft Calendar<sup>2/</sup> for the Tenth Regular Session were both approved at the Third Preparatory Meeting held on March 8, 2010.

**II. PROCEEDINGS**

**INAUGURAL CEREMONY**

The Inaugural Ceremony of the Tenth Regular Session of the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism (CICTE) was held on March 17, 2010 at the Hall of the Americas at the Organization of American States (OAS) in Washington, D.C.

**Remarks by the Chair of the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism - His Excellency, Ambassador Gustavo Albin, Permanent Representative of Mexico to the OAS**

The CICTE Chair, Mexico, represented by His Excellency, Ambassador Gustavo Albin, Permanent Representative of Mexico to the OAS, presided over the Inauguration and declared open the Tenth Regular Session. In his remarks<sup>3/</sup> the Chair stated that it was vital to strengthen the international and regional legal architecture, in order to prevent and combat terrorist acts. Ambassador Albin noted that our region, as a whole, participated extensively in international instruments, but went on to say that it was equally important to adopt legislative measures that gave authorities the power to investigate and sanction terrorist and terrorist-related acts, so as to ensure that they could not be carried out with impunity.

---

1. CICTE/doc.2/10 corr.1, Draft Agenda of the Tenth Regular Session of CICTE (Approved at the Third Preparatory Meeting held on March 8, 2010).  
2. CICTE/doc.3/10, Draft Calendar of the Tenth Regular Session of CICTE (Approved at the Third Preparatory Meeting held on March 8, 2010).  
3. CICTE/INF.2/10

Ambassador Albin saluted the Secretariat of CICTE for its work in carrying out crisis management exercises, and went on to recommend that, in order to create synergies between different issues and stakeholders, preparations for port and maritime security should be accompanied by training in civil aviation security – along with complementary efforts in other areas – to eliminate this threat.

Ambassador Albin expressed Mexico's renewed confidence in the work of CICTE, and stated his certainty that the leadership of the Bahamas would bolster CICTE's mission to establish a region better prepared to deal with the threat of terrorism.

### **Remarks by the Secretary General of the Organization of American States –**

*His Excellency Jose Miguel Insulza*

The Welcome Address was delivered by the Secretary General of the Organization of American States, His Excellency Jose Miguel Insulza<sup>4/</sup>, who welcomed delegations to the “House of the Americans” stating that their presence at the tenth regular session reaffirmed the hemispheric commitment of their countries and institutions to defend life, peace, freedom, and democracy, cooperating multilaterally to face our nations' diverse security threats.

The Secretary General stated that “Acts of terrorism are a frontal attack against the essential values that this Organization defends” and that he was pleased that the topic chosen for consideration at the tenth regular session was public-private cooperation in the fight against terrorism because it underscored the constructive and proactive spirit inherent in the concept of international cooperation, and also because it was a reflection of the multidimensional approach to security that the OAS promotes and defends.

### **Keynote Address by the Chairman of the United Nations Security Council Counter-Terrorism Committee – His Excellency Ambassador Ertuğrul Apakan, Permanent Representative of Turkey to the UN**

The Keynote Address was delivered by the Chair of the Counter-Terrorism Committee of the United Nations Security Council, His Excellency Ambassador Ertuğrul Apakan, Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations.<sup>5/</sup> Ambassador Apakan provided an overview of the structure and work of the Counter-Terrorism Committee, making special reference to its efforts and methods, along with the UN Counter-Terrorism Committee Executive Directorate, to monitor and assist UN Member States implement Security Council resolution 1373 and related resolutions. The CTC Chairman complimented OAS Member States from Central and South America for the progress made in the ratification of international counter-terrorism instruments, the adoption of modern counter-terrorism legislation and the strengthening of financial regulations; and stated that the Committee would continue to work with CICTE to assist OAS Member States to achieve full implementation of resolution 1373.

## **FIRST PLENARY SESSION**

The First Plenary Session commenced at about 4:20 p.m. under the chairmanship of the Permanent Representative of Mexico, Ambassador Gustavo Albin.

---

4. CICTE/INF.3/10.  
5. CICTE/INF.1/10.

**1. Adoption of the recommendations of the preparatory process for the Tenth Regular Session**

i. Draft Agenda of the Tenth Regular Session

The Draft Agenda was submitted for consideration and approved without amendment.<sup>6/</sup> The Agenda included the central theme of the Session, “Public-Private Partnerships in the fight against Terrorism.”

ii. Draft Calendar of the Tenth Regular Session

The Draft Calendar was also submitted for consideration and approved without amendment.<sup>7/</sup>

The Calendar set out three main aspects of the broader theme of the Session for discussion at the Second, Third and Fourth Plenary Sessions:

- a) Public-Private Partnerships in the Protection of Critical Infrastructure;
- b) Security for Major Events, and
- c) Public-Private Partnerships in Maritime Security.

**2. Report of the Chair of CICTE 2009-2010**

Ambassador Gustavo Albin delivered the Chair’s Report for the period 2009-2010<sup>8/</sup> summarizing the major activities and achievements in the eight programmes that CICTE executed through its Secretariat. The outgoing Chair stated that, with the help of its network of National Points of Contact, CICTE successfully accomplished all the activities contained in the 2009 Work Plan adopted at the 9<sup>th</sup> Regular Session of CICTE. Ambassador Albin reported that in 2009, the Member States of the OAS, through their cooperation mechanism CICTE, executed 66 technical assistance activities and trained 2845 participants. Ambassador Albin closed his report highlighting that these achievements were obtained due to the commitment of the Member States of CICTE to work together to prevent, eliminate and combat terrorism.

**3. Election of officers**

a. Chair of CICTE

The Delegation of Colombia nominated the Bahamas to the chairmanship of the Committee for the period 2010-2011. This nomination was seconded by the delegation of Canada which proposed that the election be by acclamation. The Bahamas was so elected.

The Honorable Orville “Tommy” Turnquest, Minister of National Security of the Bahamas, accepted on behalf of the Bahamas and assumed the Chair.

b. Vice-Chair of CICTE

---

6. CICTE/doc.2/10 rev.1, Agenda of the Tenth Regular Session of CICTE (Adopted at the First Plenary Session held on March 17, 2010).

7. CICTE/doc.3/10 Rev.1, Calendar of the Tenth Regular Session of CICTE (Adopted at the First Plenary Session held on March 17, 2010).

8. CICTE/doc.7/10.

The Delegation of Chile nominated Grenada to the vice-chairmanship of the Committee for the period 2010-2011. This nomination was seconded by the delegations of the United States of America and Guatemala. Grenada was elected to this office by acclamation.

Her Excellency, Ambassador Gillian Bristol, Permanent Representative of Grenada to the Organization of American States (OAS), accepted this nomination on behalf of her country and expressed her Government's appreciation for the vote of confidence.

c. Rapporteur of the Tenth Regular Session of CICTE

The Delegation of Costa Rica nominated Lt. Col. Clyde Parris, Defence Attaché of the Permanent Mission of Barbados to the OAS, as Rapporteur of the Tenth Regular Session of the Committee. This nomination was seconded by the delegation of Trinidad and Tobago and Lt. Col. Parris was elected by acclamation.

**4. Remarks by the Chair of CICTE 2010-2011 - *The Hon. Tommy Turnquest, M.P., Minister of National Security of The Commonwealth of The Bahamas***

On the assumption of the Chairmanship of CICTE by the Bahamas, the Honorable Orville "Tommy" Turnquest opened his remarks<sup>9/</sup> by recognizing the important contribution of the outgoing Chair of the Ninth Regular Session, the Government of Mexico, to the achievements of CICTE.

Minister Turnquest expressed his appreciation for the collaboration of all the Member States of CICTE in agreeing on the central theme for CICTE X, "Public-Private Partnerships in the Fight Against Terrorism." He underscored that recent terrorist attacks show that their willful and wanton destruction is intended to inflict maximum damage in terms of life and property with no concern about whether what they destroyed was public or private. Consequently, governments are increasingly realizing that there is significant value in establishing these partnerships as a critical countermeasure from which states and the private sector can mutually benefit in the fight against terrorism and to guard against potential terrorist threats. Minister Turnquest assured the Committee that as Chair, the Bahamas would encourage a frank and broad-ranging dialogue regarding public-private sector partnerships as a way forward in combating terrorism, and of being vigilant against terrorism. In closing, the Chair said that it was imperative that CICTE's initiatives advance the global consensus against terrorism, as well as the regional and international efforts in the anti-terrorism arena, including those of the United Nations Security Council.

**5. Report on the Activities of the Secretariat of CICTE by *Secretary of CICTE, Mr. Gonzalo Gallegos***

The Secretary of CICTE, Mr. Gonzalo Gallegos, presented the Secretariat Report on its activities in 2009.<sup>10/</sup> In his first report since assuming the post of Secretary of CICTE, Mr. Gallegos informed the Committee that in 2009 the Secretariat conducted 73 activities, training courses and technical assistance missions in 26 different Member States, benefitting 2,845 participants through nine programs in five areas: border controls, critical infrastructure protection, counter-terrorism

---

9. CICTE/INF.4/10.

10. CICTE/doc.6/10.

legislative assistance and combating terrorism financing, strengthening strategies on emerging terrorist threats (crisis management), and international cooperation and partnerships.

Mr. Gallegos underscored that the Secretariat would continue working with its partners and regional and international organizations to provide to CICTE Member States the best programming and most effective training methodologies available. Notwithstanding its limited human and financial resources, the Secretariat has continued to expand its established programmes and also new cutting-edge areas like Cyber-Security, to ensure that it continues to remain relevant and a value for the funding it receives.

Mr. Gallegos also expressed thanks and appreciation to the staff, and especially to Mr. Pablo Martinez who served as interim Secretary following the departure of Carol Fuller, the then outgoing Secretary.

## **6. Report on the Eighth Meeting of National Points of Contact to CICTE**

Mr. Mauricio Escanero, Counsellor and Alternate Representative of Mexico to the OAS, delivered an oral report on behalf of the Government of Mexico, Chair of the Eighth Meeting of National Points of Contact to CICTE and was attended by 28 delegations. The Meeting had been held on the morning of March 17<sup>th</sup> immediately prior to the Inauguration of the Tenth Regular Session of CICTE. That private Meeting focused on exchange of views and Best Practices in Crisis Management and Mitigation.

The Chair took note of the report and declared the meeting closed at 5:10 p.m.

## **SECOND PLENARY SESSION**

### ***(Public-Private Cooperation in the Protection of Critical Infrastructure)***

The Second Plenary Session was held on the morning of Thursday, March 18, 2010. The topic of discussion was Public-Private Partnerships in the Protection of Critical Infrastructure.

### **Presentation by guest speaker: *Mr. Thomas G. DiNanno, Director of Republic Consulting on "Critical Infrastructure Security in the USA"***

The session began with a presentation by Mr. Thomas DiNanno, Senior Fellow at the International Assessment and Strategy Center.<sup>11/</sup> After an overview of critical infrastructure and key resources in public-private partnerships, Mr. DiNanno elaborated on the Homeland Security Presidential Directive (HSPD-7), which directs the development of a National Infrastructure Protection Plan (NIPP). Issued in 2002, the directive was based on a vision of unprecedented private-public cooperation for the protection of critical infrastructure. He also explained the steps necessary for implementing protective programs, which include setting security goals; identifying assets, systems, networks, and functions; assessing risks; prioritizing; implementing protective programs; and measuring effectiveness. He highlighted the area of chemical security and the screening process for as many as 20,000 facilities existing in the U.S.A. and the legal requirements for updating their security. Finally, Mr. DiNanno also commented on emergency management response plans and the

---

11. CICTE/INF.5/10.

value of a mechanism to enable the private sector to communicate requirements, noting that of paramount importance was the speed of recovery from disaster. He cited the experience of Hurricane Katrina to illustrate this point.

**Presentation by guest speaker: *Mr. Paul Nicolas, Microsoft's Director of Global Security Strategy and Diplomacy*** on "Critical Information Infrastructure."

This was followed by a presentation by Mr. Paul Nicolas, Microsoft's Director for Global Security Strategy and Diplomacy<sup>12/</sup> on the topic "Critical Information Infrastructure." Mr. Nicolas highlighted the challenges that Microsoft sees both as a vendor and as a cyber citizen and focused on three main aspects concerning the matter of: increasing reliance on critical information infrastructure; changing risks and threats; and opportunities to foster resiliency through public-private partnerships. Mr. Nicolas emphasized the significant growth and evolution of information and communications technologies (ICT) in the last decade, as well as its access, use and development. He addressed issues relating to broadband expansion and its associated challenges, the rapid growth in mobile subscriptions worldwide and the impact of change in usage patterns on critical information infrastructure. In addition, he commented on the complexity and challenges facing the policy decision makers, the evolving threat of cyber terrorism since the 1980's, identifying the six countries most affected by these threats. He further elaborated on the evolving threat landscape, from the advent of the PC virus to network device attacks and application software attacks. Mr. Nicolas concluded his presentation proposing strategic responses for risk management and increased resiliency.

### **Comments by Member States**

Subsequent to both presentations, interventions were made by the delegations of the following Member States: Canada, Trinidad and Tobago, Mexico, Brazil, Guatemala, the United States, Peru, and Argentina. The delegations commented on existing national policies and initiatives for identifying and protecting critical infrastructure. In the questions made by the Member States, the main theme was how the engagement between public and private sectors could be enhanced. Lastly, delegations suggested that the Member States should enhance cooperation through the exchange of experiences, best practices and expertise, as well as better communication.

### **THIRD PLENARY SESSION**

**THURSDAY 18 MARCH 2010**

#### ***(Security for Major Events)***

**Presentation by guest speaker *Mr. Massimiliano Montanari, Programme Manager for Public-Private Partnerships, UNICRI International Permanent Observatory on "Security during Major Events"***

The Third Plenary Session commenced at 2:55 p.m. with an expert presentation on "Security for Major Events"<sup>13/</sup> by Mr. Massimiliano Montanari, Head of Public-Private Policies and Major Events Security Initiative of the Security Governance/Counter-Terrorism Laboratory of the United Nations.

---

12. CICTE/INF.6/10.

13. CICTE/INF.7/10.

Mr. Montanari focused his presentation on encouraging member states, particularly those planning major events, to strengthen their cooperation through the framework of the *International Permanent Observatory (IPO)* on security measures during major events, by sharing knowledge of possible threats to major events and relevant practices related to security during such events. Reference was made to the UN Global Strategy that “encourages the identification and sharing of best practices to prevent terrorist attacks on particularly vulnerable targets and recognizes the importance of developing public-private partnerships in this area.”

Major events, as indicated by the speaker, present opportunities for peace-building, protection of geopolitical events and socio-economic development not only for the host country but also for the region. The UNICRI representative described the International Permanent Observatory on Major Events Security Program, (IPO) as a forum of discussion for security planners and practitioners engaged in the preparation of major events. In 2007, through the collaboration with CICTE, UNICRI launched IPO Americas which is the first regional network of National Focal Points (NFPs) to promote mutual assistance and cooperation between countries.

In closing, Mr. Montanari described major events as unique occasions to enhance regional cooperation and security, and strengthen public-private partnerships. He recommended that security should be the result of joint efforts by various sectors and countries working together.

### **Comments by Member States**

Mr. Montanari’s presentation was followed by comments from Argentina, Barbados, Canada, Jamaica, Mexico, Trinidad and Tobago, and the United States. Delegations described their respective national experiences and practices in providing security for major events. Several highlighted the important role of the Private Sector and the community as a whole in managing security for major events. Some delegations provided examples of how major events security implementation has left a legacy of methods, tools and cooperation linkages for future events. The CICTE Secretariat’s programs on tourism security and major events in coordination with UNICRI were recognized by the delegations as good models of public-private partnerships.

### **Comments by Permanent Observer**

Russia, a Permanent Observer State to the OAS, took the floor to share some of its experiences and examples of best practices in public-private partnerships in the fight against terrorism, highlighting the role of the United Nations as global coordinator of international and regional efforts to fight terrorism, which he said was based on a strategy adopted in a resolution in 2002.

The Chair ended the session by granting Mr. Mr. Montanari an opportunity to make his closing remarks. Mr. Montanari explained that the real cornerstone in building a relationship between the public and private sectors was that of trust to facilitate effective information exchange and that the multitude of soft targets available dictated a need for full cooperation and collaboration between the two communities. He expressed a desire to continue collaborating with CICTE on public-private partnership projects, especially with respect to tourism protection models.

The chair promised to follow-up on all foregoing ideas and to seek to incorporate them into the CICTE work plan.



**FOURTH PLENARY SESSION      FRIDAY 19 MARCH 2010**

***(Public-Private Partnerships in Maritime Security)***

**Presentation by guest speaker *Capt. Howard Newhoff, Manager of Terminal and Port Security, Royal Caribbean Cruises International, on “Public-Private Partnerships in Maritime Security”***

The Chair declared the Fourth Plenary Session open at 10:16 a.m. 19<sup>th</sup> March 2010. The topic of discussion was “Public-Private Partnerships in Maritime Security” and the expert presentation was delivered by Captain Howard Newhoff, Manager of Port and Terminal Security for Royal Caribbean International/Celebrity Cruises, he was speaking on behalf of the Cruise Lines International Association (CLIA), which has a membership of 25 major cruise lines, representing about 90% of all the cruise business that is conducted in the Western Hemisphere.

Capt. Newhoff began his presentation by outlining the cooperation and partnerships that the CLIA enjoys with several CICTE Member States and regional organizations on a range of matters including the core areas of safety, security, health and environmental concerns. He stated that the key aspect of public-private partnerships in the cruise industry is that they foster communications and relationships between the various governments and the cruise lines that operate in their jurisdiction, thereby providing opportunities to resolve issues at all levels. Captain Newhoff reported that the cruise ship industry enjoys partnerships with many US Government security-related agencies and international agencies such as INTERPOL, CARICOM, the International Maritime Bureau (IMB), and was now interested in fostering a relationship with the OAS. This occasion signaled the start of that relationship with the OAS.

Captain Newhoff’s presentation also touched on maritime terrorism and provided an overview of the cruise industry’s security programme. He reported that although there were no current documented threats specifically directed at cruise ships concerns have existed since 9/11, Government and private sector intelligence briefings and advisories keep CLIA Members informed, and their continuous focus remains on safe and secure day-to-day operations with good port practices.

Cruise industry security measures are mandated internationally by IMO International Ship and Port Security (ISPS) Code security requirements and through national regulations.

In addressing the Cruise Industry’s risk outlook for 2010, Capt. Newhoff stated that Cruise Operators continued to take more than the minimum necessary precautions and maintained constant readiness to mitigate risk. He stated that in their assessment, the threat of terrorism would remain for generations and that security would therefore depend on good teamwork between governments and the private sector. Captain Newhoff closed his presentation urging the maritime community to never become complacent and to continue public-private coordination.

**Comments by Member States**

Subsequent to Captain Howard Newhoff’s presentation, interventions were made by the delegations of Argentina, Barbados, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Guatemala, Jamaica, Mexico, Panama,

Trinidad and Tobago, and the United States. It was emphasized that Member States needed to maintain heightened vigilance and to not underestimate the threat of terrorism. Delegations highlighted the benefits of their cooperation and information sharing with neighboring countries, international and regional bodies as well as with the private sector and Non-governmental organizations within the maritime field. It was suggested that Member States consider the creation a network of maritime security among the Member States. Finally, delegations expressed their appreciation of the efforts made by the CICTE Secretariat regarding the implementation of maritime security training activities.

**FIFTH PLENARY SESSION                      FRIDAY 19 MARCH 2010**

**1.        Consideration and adoption of the Draft CICTE Work Plan 2010**

The 2010 CICTE Work Plan was adopted as presented, without comment from the floor.<sup>14/</sup>

**2.        Consideration and adoption of the Draft Declaration on Strengthening Border Controls and International Cooperation in the Fight against Terrorism**

The Draft Declaration, as contained in CICTE/Doc.5/10 in English and French, and CICTE/Doc.5/10 corr.1 in Spanish and Portuguese, was adopted by consensus.<sup>15/</sup>

**3.        Consideration of the site and date of the Eleventh Regular Session of CICTE**

The Delegation of Grenada presented a draft resolution “Date and Site of the Eleventh Regular Session of CICTE”,<sup>16/</sup> in which it proposed that said session be held from March 16 to 18, 2011 in Washington D.C.

The Draft Resolution was adopted as presented<sup>17/</sup>.

The Delegation of Ecuador took the floor to propose that the periodicity of CICTE Regular Sessions be considered during the preparatory process for CICTE XI. This proposal was supported by the Delegation of Venezuela.

The Chair took note of comments and promised to revisit the matter in the upcoming year.

**4.        Oral report by the Rapporteur of the Ninth Regular Session of CICTE**

---

14.        CICTE/doc.4/10 rev. 1. 2010 Work Plan of the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism (Adopted at the Fifth Plenary Session held on March 19, 2010).

15.        CICTE/DEC.1/10, Declaration on Public-Private Partnerships in the Fight against Terrorism (Adopted at the Fifth Plenary Session held on March 19, 2010).

16.        CICTE/doc.10/10.

17.        CICTE/RES.1/10, Resolution –Date and Site of the Eleventh Regular Session of CICTE (Adopted at the Fifth Plenary Session held on March 19, 2010).

Lt. Col Clyde Parris, Defence Attaché of the Permanent Mission of Barbados to the OAS delivered an oral summary report on the proceedings of the Tenth Regular Session. The Chair expressed his appreciation to the Rapporteur and, there being no comments from the floor, declared the report approved. The Chair informed the meeting that a detailed report would be published after the session.

## **CLOSING SESSION**

### **Remarks by the Chair of the United Nations Counter-Terrorism Implementation Task Force, Mr. Jean-Paul Laborde**

The closing session was held immediately after the Fifth Plenary Session. The Chair invited Mr. Jean-Paul Laborde, Chairman of the United Nations Counter-Terrorism Implementation Task Force (CTITF) to address the Delegates. In his address, Mr. Laborde offered an overview of the United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy, and discussed how the UN and CTITF were engaging and partnering with the Private Sector and Civil Society. He outlined the four pillars that addressed the reduction of the spread of terrorism as: condemnation by all, combating terrorism in all its forms, the improvement of capacity for counter-terrorist action, and the protection of human rights. In closing, Mr. Laborde strongly welcomed the discussions that CICTE Members States were having on Public-Private Partnerships and recommended that this process be based on shared values, a commitment to the common good and a conviction in the tangible benefits to be gained through closer collaboration.

### **Remarks by the Secretary for Multidimensional Security of the Organization of American States, His Excellency Ambassador Alexandre Addor-Neto**

The Chair then invited Ambassador Alexandre Addor-Neto, Secretary for Multidimensional Security of the OAS to deliver his remarks to the delegations. Ambassador Addor-Neto began by congratulating the delegations of Bahamas and Grenada on their assumption of the Chairmanship and Vice-chairmanship of CICTE respectively. He went on to commend delegations for their productive three days of dialogue on Public-Private Partnerships in the fight against terrorism, and highlighted that the multidimensional approach to security adopted by the OAS encouraged the discussion of long-term policy proposals by Governments, with the participation of the private sector and civil society to help to foster a culture of governance in which security was seen as a necessary asset for trade, development, and social and economic progress. Ambassador Addor-Neto ended his remarks reiterating the commitment of the Secretariat of Multidimensional Security to support Member States in their efforts to prevent, combat and eliminate terrorism in all its forms and manifestations, as well as in endeavors to address all other security challenges which threatened our citizens.

### **Remarks by the Chair of CICTE**

The CICTE Chair offered brief closing remarks, noting the successful conclusion of the Tenth Regular Session, and thanking delegates for their active participation in the discussions and the positive and useful exchange of information and best practices, stating that this augured well for our cooperative enterprise in the fight against terrorism. He gave an undertaking to begin to implement the work plan at once, with the valuable support of Grenada as the Vice-chair.

He ended by thanking the CICTE Secretariat for their outstanding support in making the

Tenth Regular Session a resounding success.

The Tenth Regular Session adjourned at 5:00 p.m.

Both my country, Barbados, and I have been truly honored by the confidence bestowed in me by the CICTE Member States, having elected me as Rapporteur of the Tenth Regular Session. It is with great pleasure that I have served in this capacity and I am pleased to submit this Report for the information of the participants.

In closing, I wish to thank the CICTE Secretariat for their invaluable and expert assistance in the preparation of this Report.

Lt. Col. Clyde Parris  
Defence Attaché of the Permanent Mission of Barbados to the Organization of American States  
Rapporteur, Tenth Regular Session of the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism

April 12, 2010